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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/895,979	06/29/2001	Rajeeta Lalji Shah	AUS920010501US1	9262
7590 04/13/2005		EXAMINER		
Duck W. Yee			TRUONG, CAMQUY	
Carstens, Yee &	c Cahoon, LLP			
P.O. Box 802334			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Dallas, TX 75380			2195	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/895,979	SHAH ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Camquy Truong	2195			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
THE - External external extern	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reput openiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 J	anuary 2005.				
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	s action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da				

**DETAILED ACTION** 

1. Claims 1-22 are presented for examination.

in the specification and claims, the line numbers in the claims do not correspond

It is noted that although the present application does contain line numbers

in the specification and claims, the line numbers in the claims do not correspond

to the preferred format. The preferred format is to number each line of every

claim, with each claim beginning with line 1. For ease of reference by both the

examiner and Applicant all future correspondence should include the

recommended line numbering.

2.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 1-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as

being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject

matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A. The claim language in the following claims is not clearly understood:

i. As to claims 1, 11 and 21, lines 4-5, it is not clearly understood

how "set of related events" relates to a task (i.e. a task has a plurality of

events?); line 6, it is not clearly indicated whether "the event" refers to "set

of related events" in line 4.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-2, 4-12, and 14-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Niemi et al. (U.S. Patent 6,470,388 B1) in view of Teng et al (U.S. Patent 6,094,679).
- 6. As to claims 1, 11 and 21, Niemi teaches the invention substantially as claimed including: A method for tracking in logging system (col. 3, lines 63-66), the method comprising:

Receiving, at log task manager (logging service layer, col. 4, line 13), a request associated with an application program to assign a unique task identification to a set of related events having a relationship with a task identified by application program to be tracked, wherein the relationship between the events and the task is established by the application program (col. 4, lines 11-14; col. 6, lines 3-8; col. 8, lines 11-18; col. 10, lines 19-24; col. 16, lines 17-21 and lines 27-31);

Generating, at a log task manager, the unique task identification (col. 10, lines 19-24);

Combining the unique task identification with logging information generated by one or more of the components to correlate logging information entries associated with related events (col. 4, lines 29-32; col. 11, line 66-col. 12, line 15); and

Filtering a plurality of logging information entries based on the unique task identification to produce a set of correlated logging information entries associated with the related events for presentation to a user (Fig. 5; Fig. 6; col. 13, lines 16-40; col. 58-67).

- 7. Niemi does not explicitly teach that attaching the unique task identification to a transport mechanism that passes information between components.

  However, Teng teaches an data field which provides the network server with information about the network client may be appended to HTTP formatted request message before issued to the network server (col.7, lines 36-40).
- 8. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that to combine the teaching of Niemi and Teng because Teng's attaching the unique task identification to a transport mechanism that passes information between components would increase the flexibility of Niemi by providing attaching the unique task identification to a transport mechanism that passes information between components to minimize the risk that the network server return software files which are mismatched.

- As to claims 2 and 12, they are rejected for the same reason as claims 1,
   and 21.
- 10. As to claim 4, Niemi teaches the transport mechanism utilizes a remote proxy call (col. 9, lines 20-21).
- 11. As to claims 5 and 15, Niemi teaches the transport mechanism utilizes a port hardware (col. 9, lines 49-50).
- 12. As to claims 6 7, 14 and 16 17, Niemi does not explicitly teach a point-to-point protocol and hypertext transfer protocol. However, it is well known to those skilled in the art, that is a point-to-point protocol and hypertext transfer protocols are needed for communication between components. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included a point-to-point protocol and hypertext transfer protocol because they would allow computers to be connected in network environment for exchanging information.
- 13. As to claims 8 and 18, Niemi teaches the transport mechanism utilizes a message context (col. 12, lines 30-36).

- 14. As to claims 9 and 19, they are rejected for the same reason as claims 1, 11 and 21. In addition, Niemi teaches receiving, at the log task manager, a request from the application program for a second unique task identification assigned to second related serial events identified by the application (col. 4, lines 11-14; col. 6, lines 3-8; col. 8, lines 11-18; col. 10, lines 19-24 and lines 49-57; col. 16, lines 17-21 and lines 27-31).
- 15. As to claims 10, 20 and 22, Niemi teaches mapping a taskID to a corresponding action, wherein the corresponding action provides a user friendly description of the related events (col. 4, lines 29-32; col. 11, line 66-col. 12, line 15); and

presenting logging information to a user based on the corresponding action (Fig. 5; Fig. 6; col. 13, lines 16-40; col. 58-67).

- 16. Claims 3 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Niemi et al. (U.S. Patent 6,470,388 B1) in view of Teng (U.S. Patent 6,094,679), as applied as claims 1, 11 and 21 above, and further in view of Block (U.S. 6,820,261 B1).
- 17. As to claim 3 and 13, Teng teaches at the local thread transport, placing the task identification on a local thread (col.7, lines 36-40).

- 18. Niemi and Teng do not teach the inheritable thread local. However, Block teaches the inheritable thread local (2, lines 11-18).
- 19. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Niemi, Teng and Block because Block's extending the inheritable thread local would increase the flexibility of Niemi and Teng's system by providing inheritable thread local to provide automatic value inheritance upon child creation.

## Response to the argument

20. Applicant's arguments filed 1/13/2005 for claims 1-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) rejection.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be

calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

## Conclusion

21. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Camquy Truong whose telephone number is (703) 305 - 8888. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on 703-305-9678. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR of Public PAIP. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIP system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197(toll-free).

Camquy Truong

April 1, 2005

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